**Data for Illustration in Session 3.4**

**Data for a household**, with an agricultural farm and a member working in a factory:

payment to hired workers: 450

 mixed income & operating surplus\*: 1010

 payable land rent: 400

 bank interest received: 192

 allocated FISIM 2

 remittances received from a family member 150

 (staying abroad for more than one year)

Household’s consumption expenditure data:

purchase of goods & services for final consumption 1750

imputed rent of the owned dwelling 550

value of goods produced for own consumption 25

A member of the household works in factory. Following are his salary & pension contributions.

 salary received by a working member: 2500

 pension contribution by the member: 50

 his employer’s pension contribution: 100

 income tax paid: 250

Assuming pension service charges of **10** and attributed investment income of **30**, prepare the allocation of primary income for the household.

 **Data of a commercial bank**

 interest receivable: 1620

 interest payable: 900

 explicit service charges: 30

*FISIM* : 720

 *of which* allocated to borrowers: 100

 to lenders: 120

 Rent payable: 100

 Dividends payable: 200

Dividends receivable: 500

Corporate tax payable 30

Operating surplus (gross) 430

**\* Note** that households can also have operating surplus. The entire GVA of the housing services provided by the owner-occupied dwellings is by definition operating surplus.

***Box 6.4:*** (Contd.)

**Data for Illustration**

**Data of a government unit**

 Production taxes received: 500

 Income taxes received: 2000

 Receipts from sales: 5

 Receipts from foreign assistance: 15

 Receipts of rent 20

 Goods purchased and distributed free: 60

 Social benefits in cash: 50

International assistance payable: 25

Interest payable on bonds 60

Expenditure for production of collective *g&s* individual *g&s*

 ***IC*** 25 70

 ***CE*** 160 280

 ***CFC*** 10 25