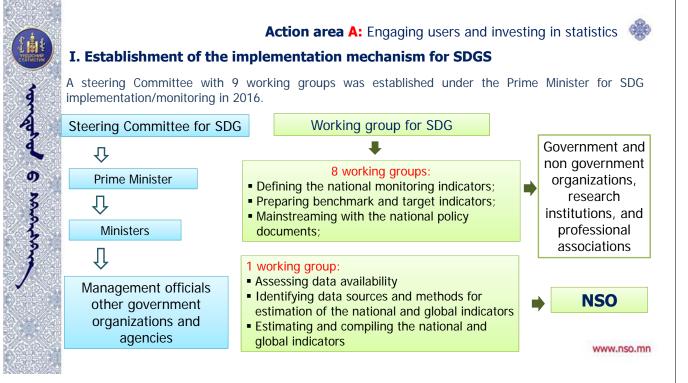
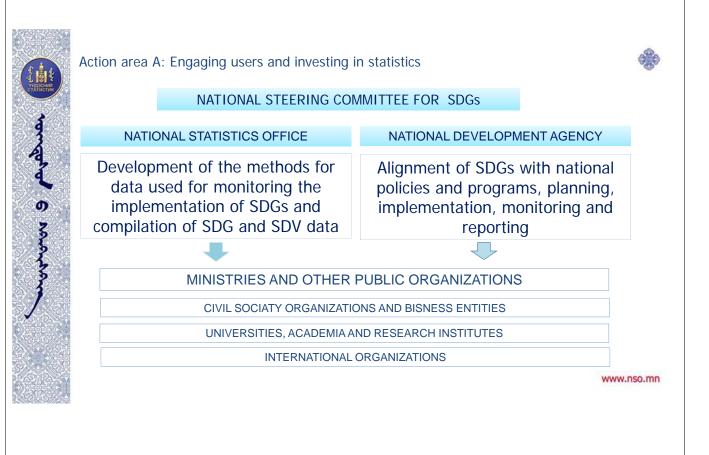


13th Management Seminar for Heads of National Statistical Offices in Asia and the Pacific Empowering and Strengthening National Statistical Systems for Monitoring SDG indicators

WORK UNDERTAKEN UNDER FIVE ACTION AREAS OF THE ASIA-PACIFIC COLLECTIVE VISION

CH. BAYANCHIMEG, Vice Chairman National Statistics Office of Mongolia









II. The assessment of the availability of the SDG indicators

In Mongolia, 3 assessments of the "availability of the SDG indicators" were conducted. The National Statistics Office (NSO) has fully participated in 3 assessments.

ASSESSMENT I (NOV 2015)

Joint Review of National Data Availability for SDGs by NSO and UNDP, 224 indicators were covered. Official and administrative statistics were included.

RESULT OF THE ASSESSMENT

	Indicators, total		
1. Total SDG		224	
2. Not applicable to MGL		13	
3. Total SDG assessed, (1-2)	211		
3.1 Number of indicators split from GSDG	17		
3.2 Split	63		
4. SDG indicators applicable to Mongolia, (3-3.1+3.2)	257	100%	
4.1 Readily available	45	17.5%	
4.2 Available after little effort	64	24.9%	
4.3 Available after more effort	28	10.9%	
4.4 From external institution	5	1.9%	
4.5 Available if data collection changed	72	28.0%	
4.6 Not available	43	16.7%	





Action area A: Engaging users and investing in statistics



ASSESSMENT II (May, 2016)

A second National Data Availability for SDGs by the NSO, **241** indicators were covered. Official statistics were included.

The results from the assessment of the availability of the SDG indicators

	Total indicator	%
1. Total SDG	241	
2. Not applicable to MGL	13	
3.SDG indicators applicable to MGL (1-2)	228	100.0
3.1 Readily available	60	26.3
3.2 Available after additional calculation	11	4.8
3.3 Not available	157	68.9

ASSESSMENT III (October, 2017)

A third National Data Availability for SDGs by the NSO, **244 indicators** were covered. Official and administrative statistics were included.

The results from the assessment of the availability of the SDG indicators

	Total indicator	%
1. Total SDG	244	
2. Not applicable to MGL	11	
3.SDG indicators applicable to MGL (1-2)	233	100.0
3.1 Readily available	134	57.5
3.2 Not available	99	42.5

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Action area A: Engaging users and investing in statistics

III. Knowledge and data for SDGs

I. The third assessment of the availability of 244 indicators, updated by the IAEG in April 2017.

II. Data and preliminary estimation of 61 indicators that can be estimated using the officials statistics from the NSO.

III. SDG related information, together with other substantive materials, has been posted on the online integrated statistical database - www.1212.mn.

Link: http://www.1212.mn/SDG/





IV. STRENGTHENING OF THE STATISTICAL CAPACITY, EXPANSION OF COOPERATION AND ADVOCACY ACTIVITIES

- 1. UNFPA, NSO: Training-Seminar on "Local Role in Monitoring the Global SDGs and national SDV and their implementation"
- **2. PARIS-21, NSO:** Training-Workshop on the National Strategy for the Development of Statistics (NSDS) and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- **3. ESCAP, NSO, MOET, NDA:** National Consultation 2 on Development of Sustainability Outlook of Mongolia (SOM) through SDG Data support
- **4. ILO, NSO:** Assessment of the Mongolian Labour Statistics System; "Strengthening national statistical capacity for producing, monitoring and reporting on decent work indicators with a focus on SDGs" project, 2017; Sustainable Development Goals Decent Work Indicators country profile: Mongolia-2017; Workshop on SDGs and Decent work; and Workshop on methodologies and definitions for SDGs and Decent Work Indicators.

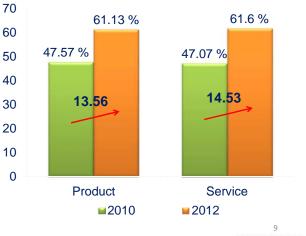






- The NSO conducted customer satisfaction surveys in 2010 and 2012.
- We are planning to improve the satisfaction survey and to conduct it regularly.

It is included National Strategy for Development of Statistics for 2017-2020. Comparison of level of product and service satisfaction with results



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VI.Data dissemination



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Having restructured its organization, NSO set up a "Public Relations division" within the office to develop the marketing of statistics and advocacy activities

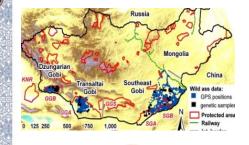
To integrate the statistical data together, portal site and android IOS applications of statistics are being developed into 1 application to make necessary amendments and to make it public and to ensure the reliability of the databases.

Use the QR code for statistical products such as monthly bulletin and statistical yearbook. Click on the relevant statistical domain icon, data is available in the excel format and is available for download.

"Data Lab" is being launched to enable users to use micro database of censuses and surveys.

Action area A: Engaging users and investing in statistics





The Geospatial Database (GIS) has been developed in the NSO since 2010. Statistical data disaggregated by location and results of the censuses and surveys are provided to users through a web-based GIS.



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Within the framework of enhancing statistical knowledge and literacy of users, a "media center" is being developed to provide videos and multimedia.

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Action area A: Engaging users and investing in statistics

VI. Value on statistics

"Sustainable Development-Statistics"

National Forum was held on 13-14 November, 2017 Mongolia. Over 700 delegates from the Parliament and the Government, ministries, other government organizations, municipal, aimag and soum statistics units, NGOs and universities, research institutes attended the forum.

• In order to enhance statistical knowledge and literacy of secondary school teachers and students, Chairperson of NSO and Minister for Education, Culture, Science and Sports have signed MOU on cooperation to develop a handbook and organize a series of training.





Action area A: Engaging users and investing in statistics



VI. Value on statistics

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PARiS21

With the aim of ensuring the implementation of the SDGs, making relevant stakeholders understand the significance, roles and participation of statistics, strengthening partnerships and cooperation, garnering support and assistance, the NSO is collaborating with government organizations, civil society, business associations, cooperatives and international organizations in the following way. We have

- Organized training and seminars for enhancing knowledge, sharing information, defining the roles and participation of relevant stakeholders in the implementation of SDGs.
- Identified forms of partnerships/collaboration and support in estimating and assessing the SDG indicators and defined non-conventional data sources.
- Included related SDG indicators in the national census and surveys.
- Drafted a Roadmap for SDG data in cooperation with the PARIS21.

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Action area A: Engaging users and investing in statistics 🥮

VII. Activity for cost effectiveness

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The register based and combined methods have been employed for the 2015 Population and Housing Bycensus, for which the Civil Registration Database at the General Authority for State Registration had been used, and for the 2016 Establishment Census, for which the Legal Entity Register had been used.

The task of linking the integrated statistical information database to the databases of the government organizations commenced and the Health Database and Education Database has been linked to the Population and Household Database.

Action area B: Assuring quality and instilling trust in statistics

I. Legal framework

Law on statistics (6 sections, 23 articles)

Having prepared a draft of a full revision to the Law on Statistics, we plan the to submit it to Parliament in 2018.

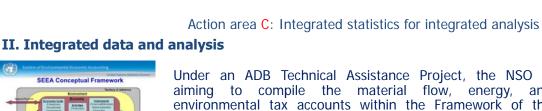
The National Strategy for **Development of Statistics** for 2017-2020 has been approved by the Parliament.



Mon CoP 15 principles 66 indicator

- "Quality Policy for the Mongolian Official Statistics":
 - Adherence to the eight quality management principles, defined in the ISO-9000 series; and
 - Identification of eight criteria/indicators for the statistical products and services.
- "Quality Management Standards for the Mongolian Official Statistics"
 - Coordination of the national statistical system;
 - Production of statistics; and
 - Statistical products and services

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Under an ADB Technical Assistance Project, the NSO is aiming to compile the material flow, energy, and environmental tax accounts within the Framework of the System of Environmental and Economic Accounting (SEEA), which would serve as one of data sources for SDGs.

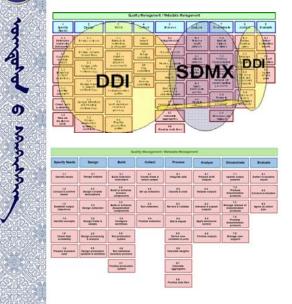
NSO has taken part in a UNDP backed project – Using non-conventional data for compiling SDG data.

- SUSTAINABLE DEVELOP MENT
- Selection of SDG 3 and 16 based on the assessment results:
- -Identification of possibilities of and challenges in using the non-conventional data sources;

Action area D: Modernizing statistical business processes



I. Modernizing statistical business process



To implement the Generic Statistical Business Process Model and the Common Statistical Production Architecture, we are working with a consulting company and national consultants under a World Bank "Smart Government" Project.

Mongolian SBPM and its manual have been drafted for approval by the NSO Chairperson Board.

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Action area E: Having requisite skills sets

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I. Activities for human resources for NSS





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In collaboration with the University of Alabama, the Yale University, and the University of Pennsylvania, an International Conference on Teachers of Mongolian Universities has been organized.

The NSO annually organizes systematic training to enhance the capability of staff in the national statistical system on a regular basis.



In order to improve the statistical knowledge and literacy of users, regular and targeted training is conducted for government organizations, assistants for Members of Parliament, non-governmental organizations, enterprises, the media agencies, and high school and university teachers, students.



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CHALLENGES



1. Estimation of SDG indicators

- Disaggregation of data (by region, location, age, gender, etc)
- Generation of the data sources of the indicators that are not available (official statistics, administrative statistics, non-conventional data)
- Identification of non-conventional data, assessment of the potential to use it (identification of potential data, assessment its quality, frequency and scope)
- Creation of the environment conducive to using non-conventional data sources for the production of the not available SDG indicators. (legal framework, infrastructure and technology)
- Development of an online platform whereby SDG indicators can be estimated, aggregated, integrated, reported

CHALLENGES

2. Strengthening of partnerships

Strengthening of partnerships between ministries, agencies, international organizations and civil society organizations and determination of areas of cooperation (in sharing micro data and receiving technical assistance and support)

3. Increase of awareness and advocacy on importance of Statistics, Global SDGs and national SDV, the and the expected participation

4. Improvement of the participation of ministries and other government organizations and enhancement of coordination

5. Capacity building (human resources and technologies)





WAY FORWARD

1. Align the Cape Town Global Action Plan, the Asia-Pacific Collective Vision, SDGs, SDV, GSBPM and NSDS.

2. Expand and improve cooperation and partnerships in statistics.

3. Advocate the importance of statistics, increase the profile of statistics, strengthen the capacity of statistics authorities, partners and other stakeholders.

4. Use non-conventional data sources for production of statistics and employ them for validation of data.

5. Increase the use of statistical data and implement advocacy activities.

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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION