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Partnership with stakeholders: The case of SDGs

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I. STAKEHOLDERS

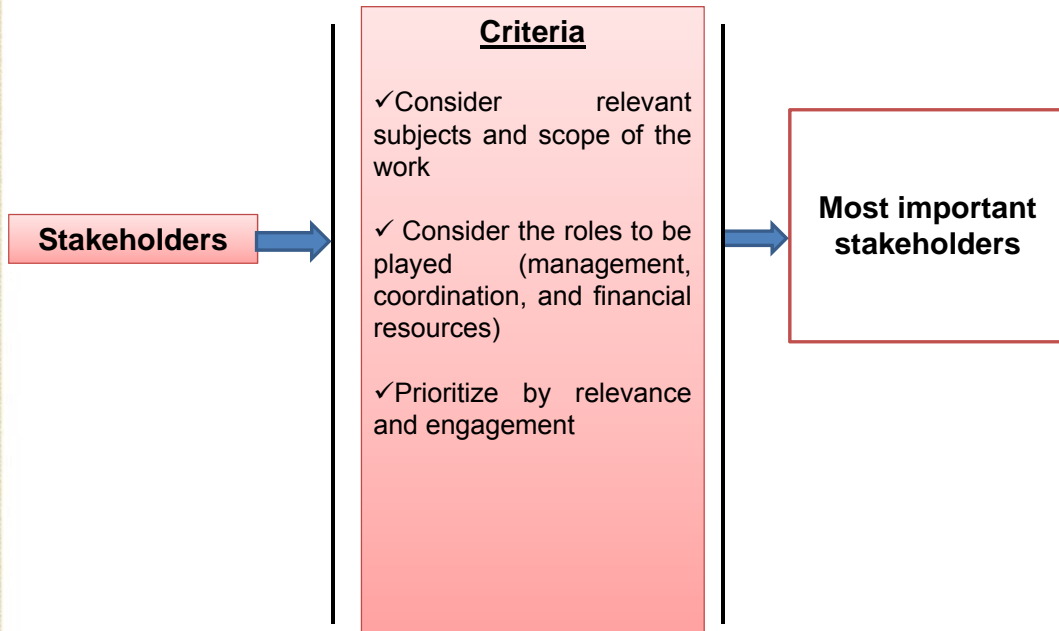
1. Who are stakeholders?





II. IMPORTANT STAKEHOLDERS

2. Which are the most important?



II. IMPORTANT STAKEHOLDERS

Which are the most important stakeholders?

| | Scope and roles |
|------------------------------------|--|
| I. First group | |
| National Statistical Office | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop the methods for the national SDG indicators in conjunction with related institutions; • Compile the national level statistics using the data from the NSO and those from relevant institutions; and • Submit the national baseline indicators. |
| Ministry of Finance | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Responsible for the economic development policy • Responsible for harmonizing the long term national development concept with SDGs • Help render assistance in providing relevant institutions with integrated management and coordination; and |
| UNDP | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Has an abundant experience in the implementation of MDGs • Provide consultancy services in assessing SDG indicators and defining the national indicators; and • Help other institutions mobilize financial resources for compiling the SDG indicators and support the enhancement of their human resources capacity. |



II. IMPORTANT STAKEHOLDERS

Which are the most important stakeholders?

| Scope by relevance | |
|---|---|
| I. Second group | |
| Ministry of Health and Sports | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Number of SDG indicators will be under the responsibility of the Ministry concerned (over 30). Cooperate on compiling health and other related statistics, on providing professional recommendations, and on developing methodology. |
| Ministry of Education | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Number of SDG indicators will be under the responsibility of the Ministry concerned (about 20). Cooperate on compiling other related educational statistics, on providing professional recommendations, and on developing methodology. |
| Ministry of Nature and Green development and Tourism | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Number of SDG indicators will be under the responsibility of the Ministry concerned (over 40). Provide consultancy services in assessing the SDG indicators and determining the national indicators. Cooperate on compiling relevant green, environment statistics, on providing professional recommendations, and on developing methodology. |
| Others | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other relevant stakeholders |



III. ENGAGEMENT MECHANISMS

3. What engagement mechanisms are effective? A draft resolution on establishing a National Committee composed of the representatives from key stakeholders has been supported by all ministries.

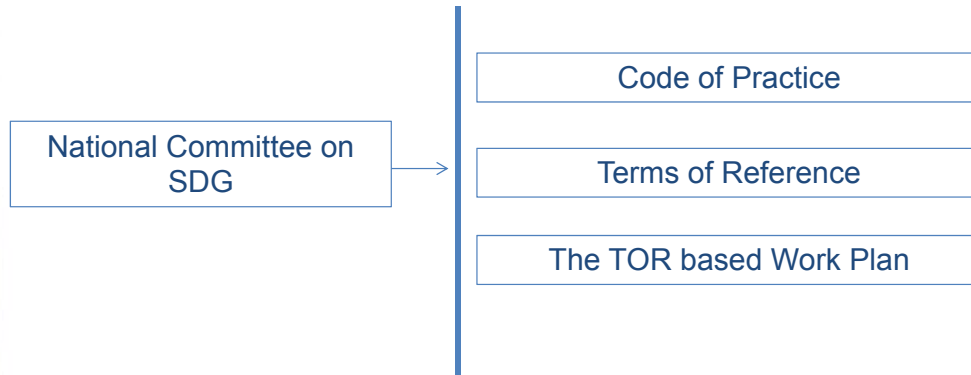


The National Committee on SDG is expected to be set up according to a resolution from Government in December.



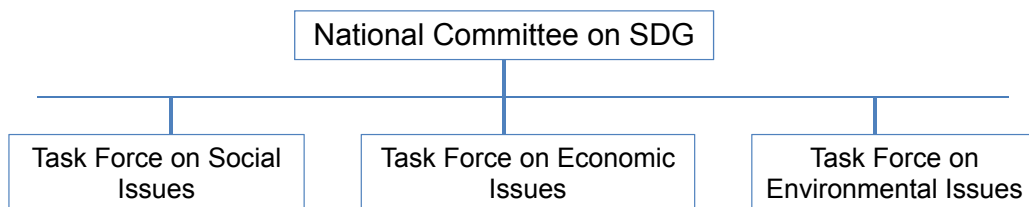
III. ENGAGEMENT MECHANISMS

4. What role should formal agreements between agencies play?



III. STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIP

4. How do stakeholders coordinate their work?



The National Committee on SDG is divided into the Task Forces on society, economy, and environment and their responsibilities, TORs, relationship with the National Committee, and scope of work will clearly be defined.



IV. INITIATIVES/ACTIVITIES TOWARDS NATIONAL SDG

- NSO has translated 17 goals, 169 targets, 304 indicators into Mongolian and sent to all ministries and related agencies.
- NSO has initiated meetings with the MOF and the UNDP.
- With the support from UNDP and UNEP, NSO recruited a national consultant Ms Gereltuya and an international consultant Mr Coulombe to make assessments with the aim of
 - providing an overview of national and provincial data availability in regard to the Global SDG;
 - identifying data gaps in regard to indicators for reporting against the proposed Global SDG targets;
 - creating a set of SDG indicators that are feasible for Mongolia.
- On 26 November, 2015, NSO, MOF, UNDP and UNEP jointly organized a National SDG Mainstreaming and Planning Workshop to bring together all relevant stakeholders and to present the assessment results to them.



V. IMPORTANT POINTS

- Institutional arrangements are important.
- SDG perspectives should be mainstreamed into the long term national sustainable development concept.
- NSOs should play a leading role in monitoring the implementation of SDGs and it necessary to enhance the capacity of NSOs.



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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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